

VERTiGO

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Vertigo /ˈvɜrtigou/ (from the Latin vertō "a whirling or spinning movement"^[1]) is a subtype of dizziness in which a patient inappropriately experiences the perception of motion (usually a spinning motion) due to dysfunction of the vestibular system.^{[2][3][4]} It is often associated with nausea and vomiting as well as a balance disorder, causing difficulties standing or walking. There are three types of vertigo. The first is known as objective^{[5][6]} and describes when the patient has the sensation that objects in the environment are moving; the second is known as subjective^{[5][6]} and refers to when the patient feels as if he or she is moving, and the third is known as pseudovertigo,^[7] an intensive sensation of rotation inside the patient's head. While appearing in textbooks, this classification has little to do with the pathophysiology or treatment of vertigo.

v E R T | g O

- E = Electronic(or paperless)
- R = Remote
- T = Technology
- O = Outcome vs Needs model

ELECTRONIC

- Why
- How
- When
- Advantages
 - Less paper
 - Quicker transfer of data
 - Greater security
 - Improved consistency
- Challenges/Risks
 - Staff training
 - Necessary equipment
 - System backup/restore
 - Clients expectations re having a printed copy



brother

Professional Series
MULTI-FUNCTION COPY SYSTEM



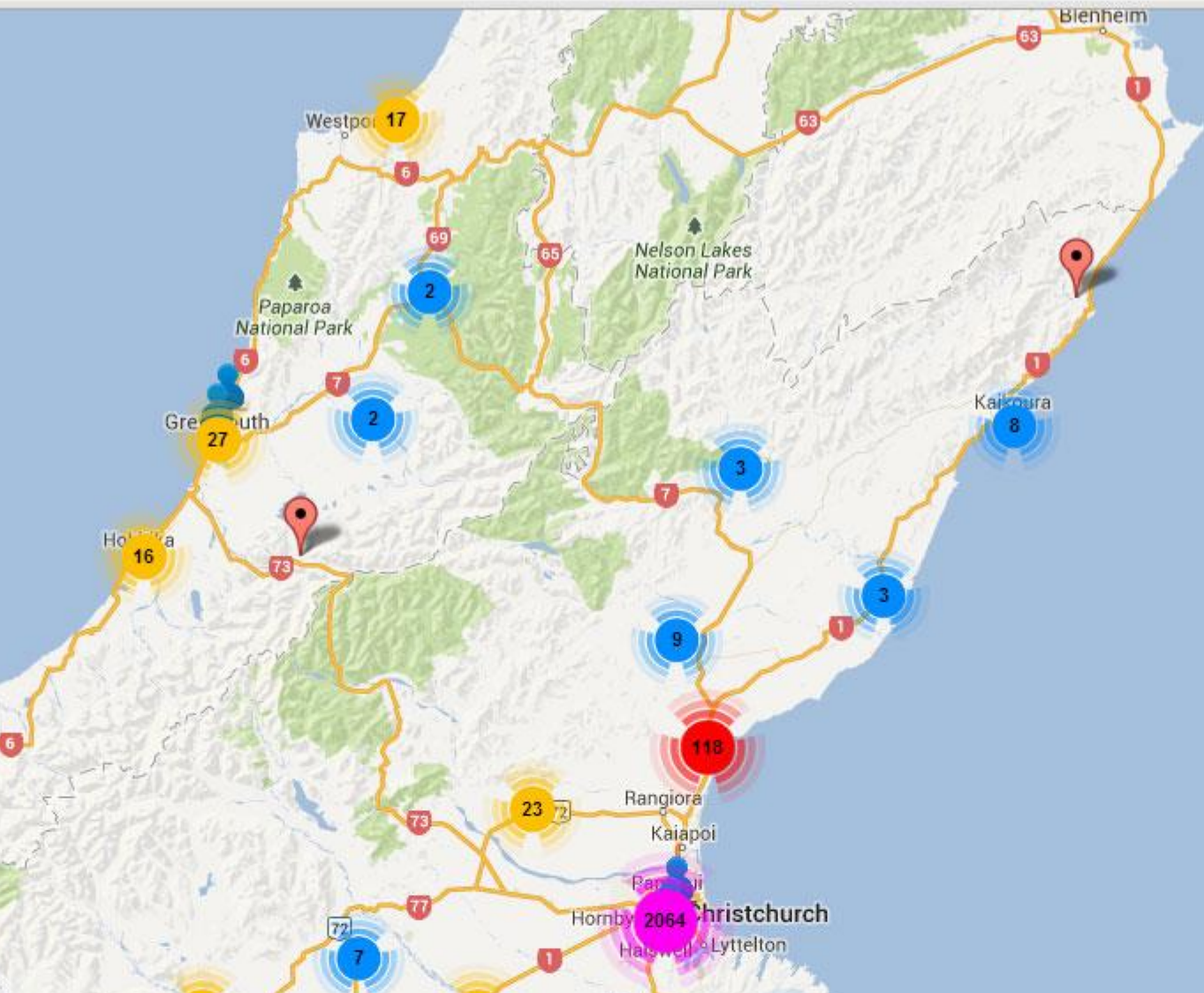






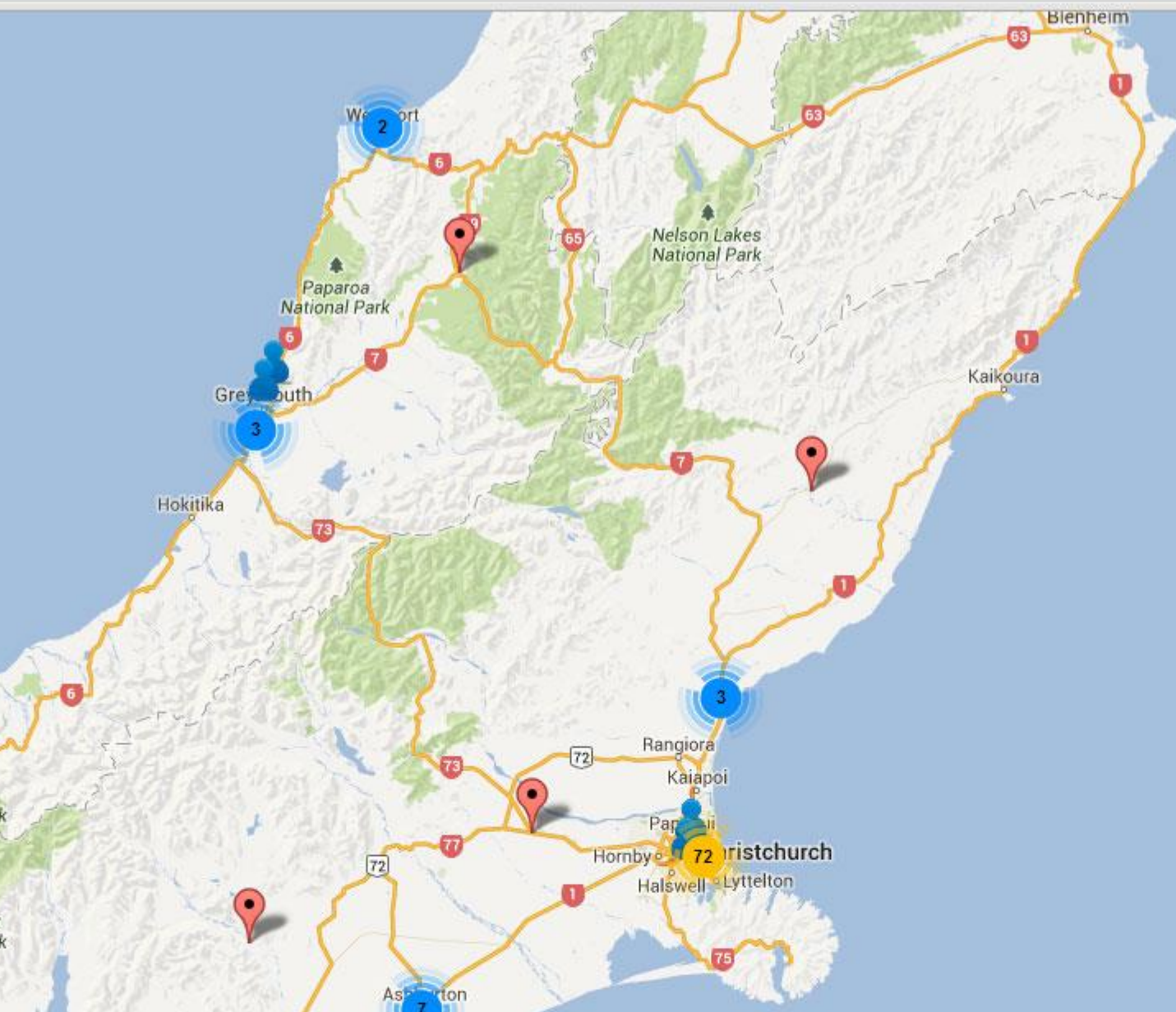
REMOTE

- What does this mean
- Community/neighborhood based
- Greater staff flexibility
- Challenges
 - Culture/team spirit
 - Communications
 - Quality monitoring
 - technology



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Include	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Gender	-- All
Age Group	-- All
Ethnicity	-- All
Disability	-- All



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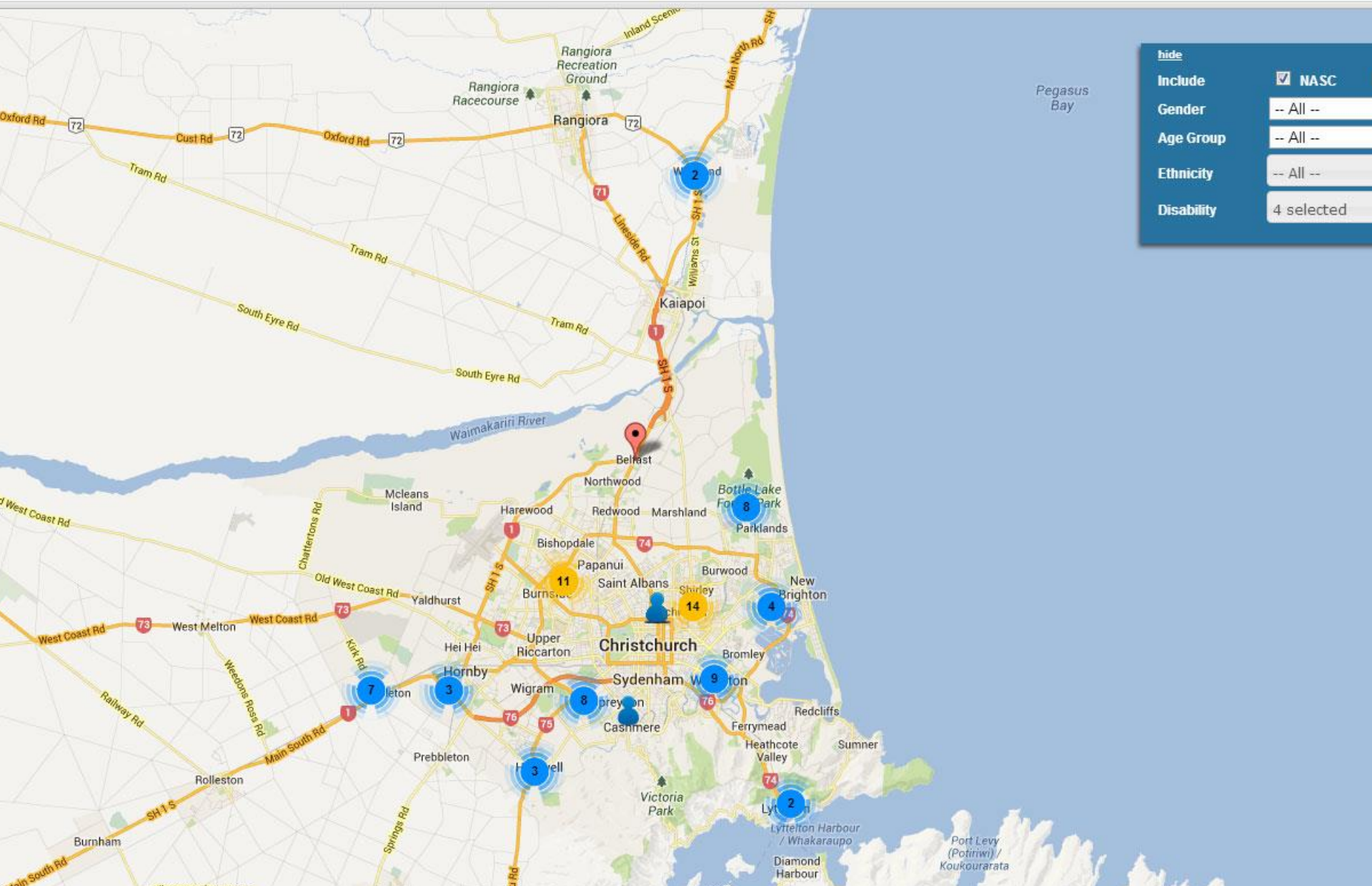
Include

Gender

Age Group

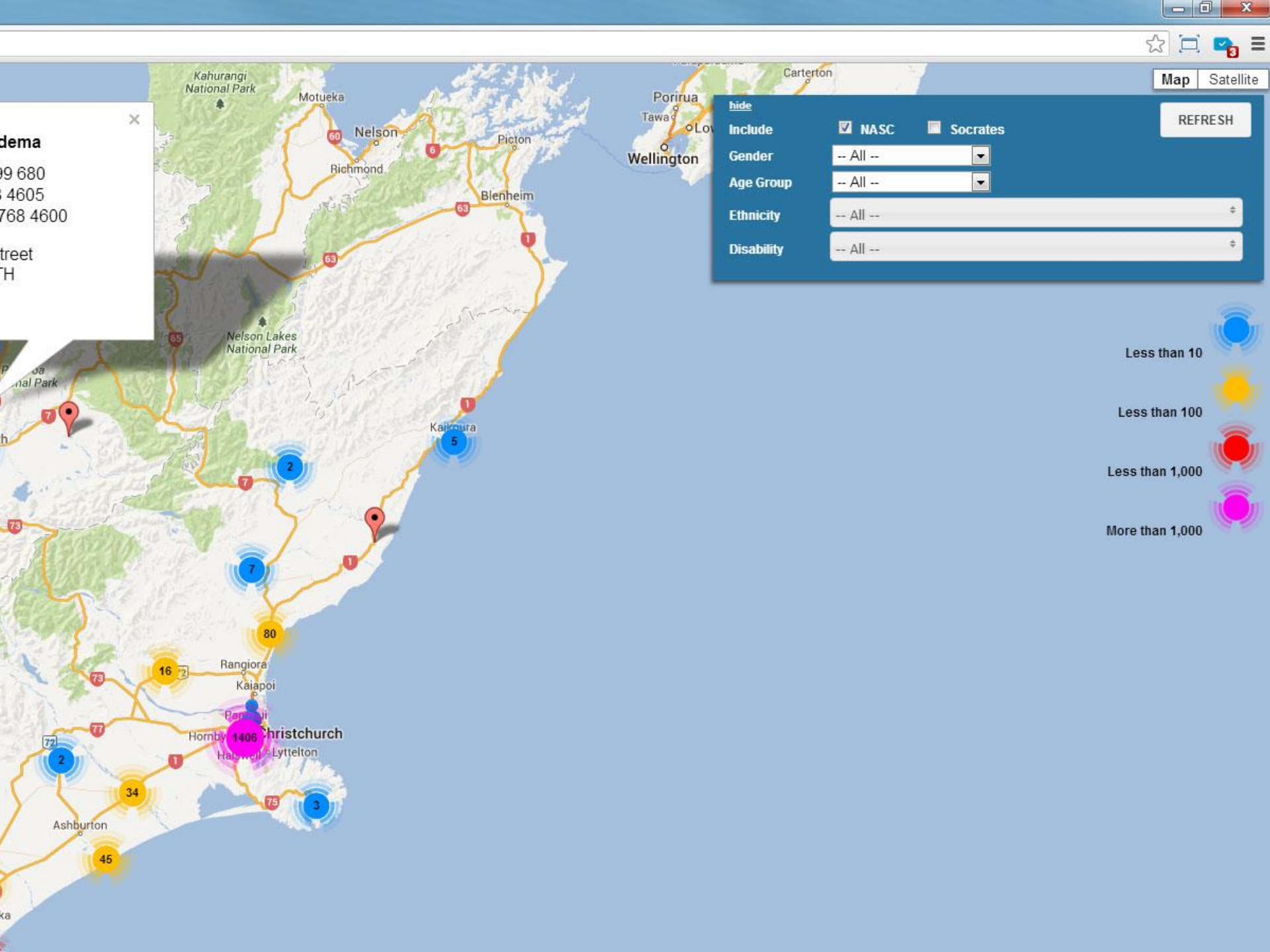
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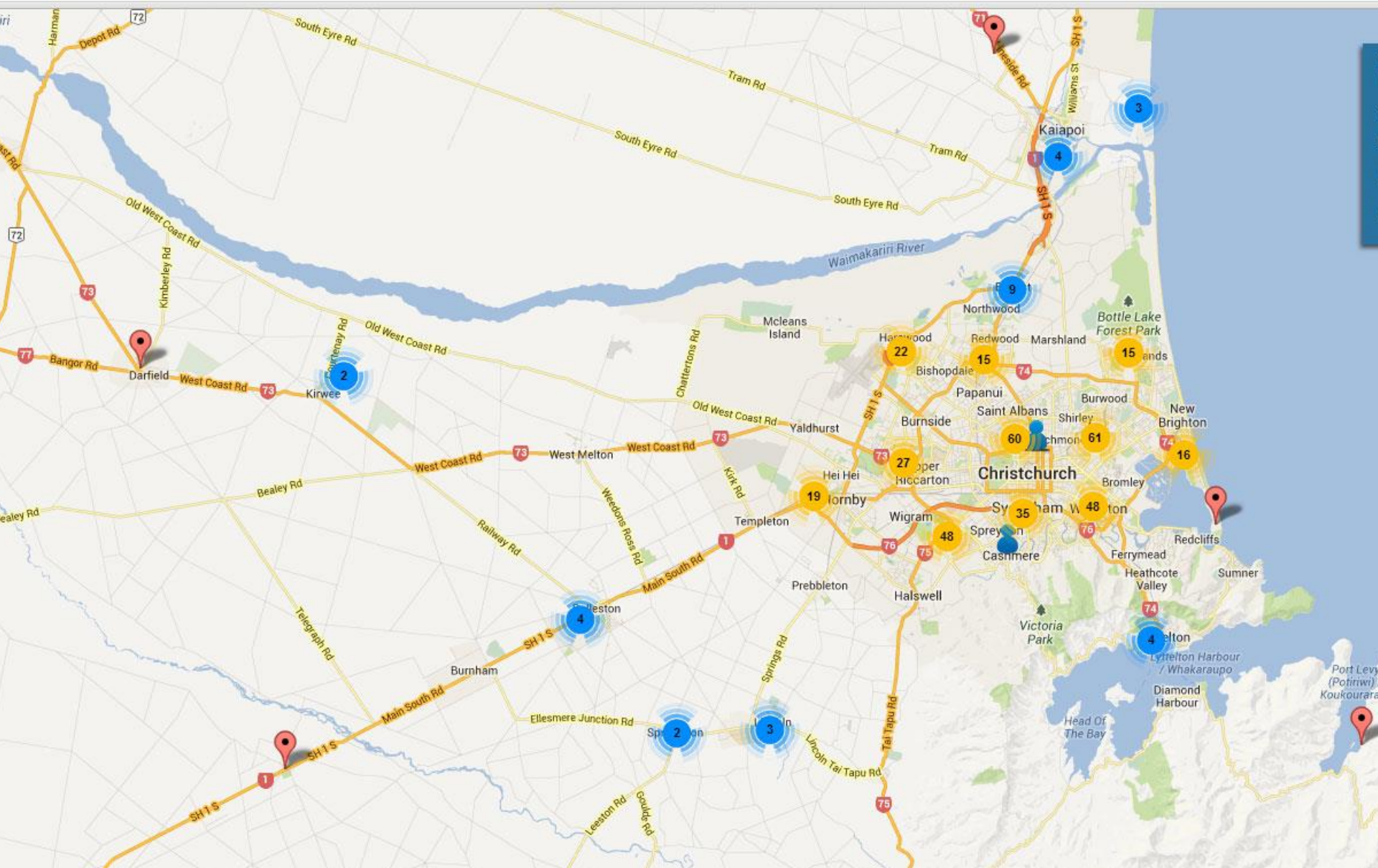
Disability



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Include	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> NASC
Gender	-- All --
Age Group	-- All --
Ethnicity	-- All --
Disability	4 selected





ADVANTAGES/DISADVANTAGES

- Reduced building costs
- Greater representation in community
- More working flexibility
- Work/Life balance
- Increased mileage costs
- Health n Safety
- Team/Culture
- Reimbursement of/or contribution to home costs
 - Power
 - Tea/coffee
 - Internet
 - Furniture



Why didn't we do this years ago?

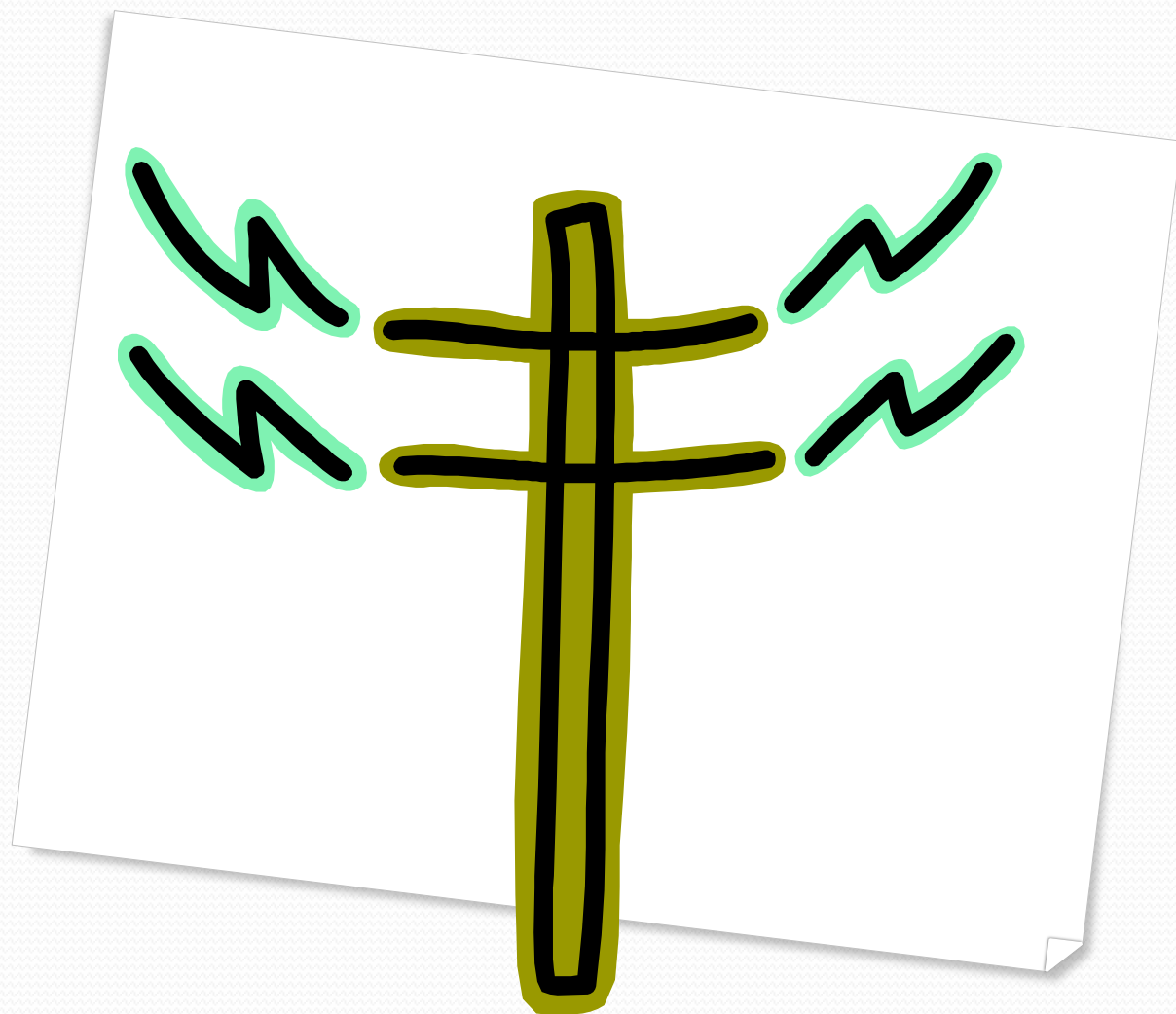


TECHNOLOGY











OUTCOME
PLANNING & COORDINATION

VS
NEEDS ASSESSMENT

WHY?

- Government strategies for purchasing on an outcome base
- Needs assessment is a deficit model with no measure of improvement to an individuals life
- Outcome focus allows for direction which in turn opens alternatives to many contracted services
- AND WE WANT TO BE SMART 😊😊

What did we do(and continue to)

- Changed staff titles immediately
- Began strength based training
- Looked at language
- Changed assessment template language and its name to Outcome Plan

Challenges

- Staff changing their thought process
- Language changes
- How to measure outcomes
- Understanding still have inputs and outputs, but in the concept of setting goals and desired outcomes

RESOURCING

- We have undertaken all of the above with out any additional resourcing.
- We spent a lot of \$ investing in new technology
- We have reviewed our own internal resource positioning
- We haven't been afraid to ask whether or not what we do is right, or CAN we do it better

vERTigO

Maybe 'v' could mean VIRTUAL

Now that's another story - 😊😊😊